

# **SCHNEID**

## **MR-08 Heating Regulator End Customer Documentation**



**Modern Life - Modern Solutions**

**Universally useable, modulary structured heating regulator with basis on a freely programmable micro-controller with extensive possibilities for Bus-Connections, system display, remote maintenance and web-connection.**

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## 1 Safety notes

### ***Danger of scalding:***

Some parts of this system may reach temperatures exceeding 55°C (for thresholds of burning, see EN 563). Be sure to point out all possibly existing dangers (such as touchable surfaces, high temperatures of used water) to all persons operating this system.



### ***Danger of freezing:***

Make sure that the selector switch does not remain in the MAINTENANCE position for longer periods of time during winter. The heating pipes may freeze up.

**MAINTENANCE position:** There is no antifreeze monitoring!

### **CAUTION:**



To disconnect the unit from the mains, use the all-polar switch on the part of the builder.

Only a qualified expert must open the unit.

The unit is completely maintenance-free.

## 2 Regulator

### 2.1 Key allocation



### **2.2 Modes**

A lamp on the selector switch indicates the current mode. The newly selected mode will be displayed on the regulator screen when changing another mode.

#### Off/Antifreeze

The regulator's operation will be deactivated except of the antifreeze switch function. The antifreeze switch function will be activated when the external temperature falls below the antifreeze temperature.

#### Lowering Mode

The lowering mode of the heating circuits will be activated regardless of the timer program, i.e. the required temperature will be reduced in accordance with the settings. Remote control has priority. For explanation, please refer on page 19.

#### Heating Mode

The heating mode of the heating circuits will be activated regardless of the timer program. Remote control has priority. For explanation, please refer on page 19.

#### Automatic Mode

The mode of the heating circuits (heating or lowering mode) depends on the timer program and remote control.

#### Boiler Mode

The heating circuits are deactivated except of the antifreeze. The boiler is charges in the usual way.

#### Party Mode

The heating mode of the heating circuits is activated for a certain period of time (adjustable). After this period of time has expired, the regulator returns to the last selected mode.

#### MAINTENANCE

Switching off all outputs; no regulator function will occur.

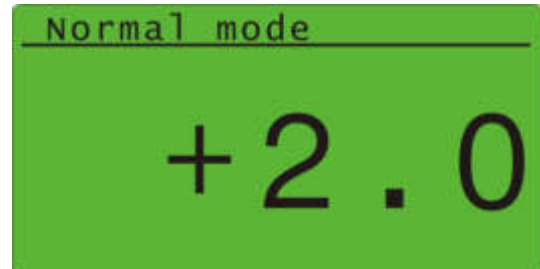
**CAUTION:** NO Antifreeze!



### 2.3 Correction of Day/Night Mode

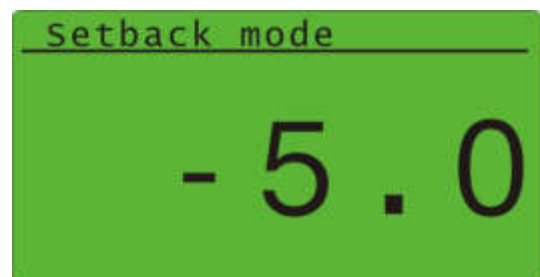
#### Day mode – Correction of day mode

The day mode must be set with the rotary button on the top right. The value can be set from  $-4^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+4^{\circ}\text{C}$  and causes a permanent increase in the heating circuits' temperature of the initial operation during day mode. The value here stands for the room temperature. If no room sensor is connected, this value is regarded as increasing or lowering the respective temperature of initial operation, respectively, so the room temperature around the set value will be changed



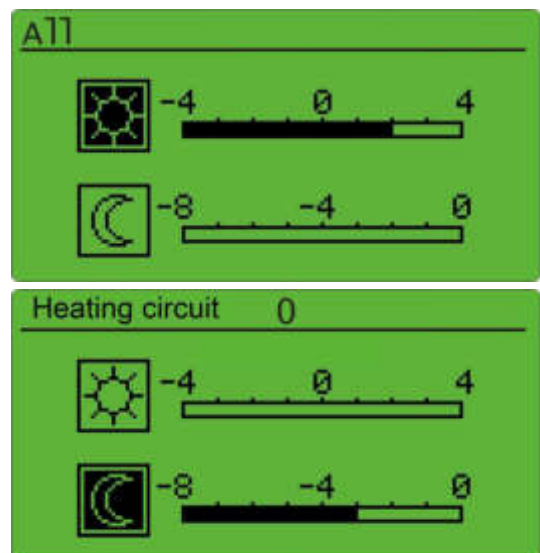
#### Lowering Mode – Correction of Lowering Mode

The lowering mode is set with the rotary button on the top right and then with the arrow key. The correction mode for the lowering mode has now been activated. This value can be set from  $-8^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  and causes a permanent adaptation in the heating circuits' temperature of the initial operation during the lowering mode. The value here stands for the room temperature. If no room sensor is connected, this value is regarded as increasing or lowering the respective temperature of initial operation, respectively, so the room temperature around the set value will be changed.



**Starting with version FW 8.19 (01.01.2016), the graphical user interface has been changed.**

Day and lowering mode are now displayed together on a screen as a bar. Operation is as before by rotary knob and arrow keys. In addition, the correction can now be individually adjusted for each heating circuit. The name of the respective heating circuit is displayed on the first line.





### 3 Regulator Menu

#### 3.1 Main Menu

The main menu shows all the functions of the regulator. Apart from that, the regulator indicates the current modes as well as the current temperatures of the individually controlled components.

```
Tu 09:28h    OT: -9°C
Distr. heat  ON    76°C
DHW tank 1   ON    46°C
DHW circul.  OFF   37°C
H.circuit 0  DHW   43°C
H.circuit 1  DHW   29°C
H.circuit 2  DHW   32°C
```

#### **CAUTION:**



Menu items which do not open are not accessible for your level of authorization. For changes and questions, consult your district heating operator.

#### **Modes for district heating**

- OFF      The district heating is not activated, there is no energy transmission
- ON        The district heating is in normal operation mode
- RLB      The limitation to return is activated
- LBG      The power output limitation is activated
- MAN      The district heating valve is in manual mode (manual)
- EXT      The district heating is OFF, supply through external sources of energy (e.g. boiler)

#### Limitation to return

The district heating return temperature is limited to a value set by the district heating operator. For questions or requests for changes in this function, consult your district heating operator.

#### Power output limitation

The supply power is limited to the connect load as per your contract. For questions or requests for changes in this function, consult your district heating operator.

### 3 Regulator Menu

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#### **Operation modes of heating circuits**

OFF	The heating circuit is not activated
ON	The heating circuit is in normal operation mode
RLG	Residual power → electric water heater is preferred; the heating circuit is reset
ABS	The heating circuit is in lowering mode
WNR	Secondary warm-water setting → heating circuit is OFF during boiler charging
FS	The antifreeze is activated
PR	Blocking → e.g. within blocking time (= OFF)
MAN	Manual operation
AHZ	Baking-out program → Drying of stone floor is activated
EXT	External required default value (= ON)

#### **Operation modes of boiler**

OFF	The boiler is in charging mode
ON	The boiler is in loading time
MAN	Manual operation
FS	The antifreeze is activated
MIN	The minimum load is activated
LSP	Blocking of load → temperature of initial operation has not been reached
EXT	Release for external boiler charging

#### **Operation modes of circulation**

OFF	The circulating pump is not activated
ON	The circulating pump is activated

#### **Operation modes of solar heating**

OFF	The solar pump is not activated
ON	The solar pump is activated

#### **Operation modes of buffer**

OFF	The charging pump is not activated
ON	The charging pump is activated

#### **Operation modes of generator**

OFF	The generator is not activated
ON	The generator is activated

#### **Operation modes of intermediate circuit pump**

OFF	The pump is not activated
ON	The pump is activated

#### 3.2 District Heating

The transfer station is called as district heating; it transfers the heat energy via a heat exchanger.

##### Primary Valve

Indicates as to how far the district heating valve is opened.

##### Max. return temperature

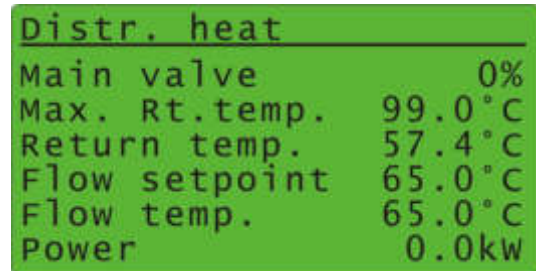
The set highest return temperature into the district heating network.

##### Return temperature

The current return temperature into the district heating network.

##### Power

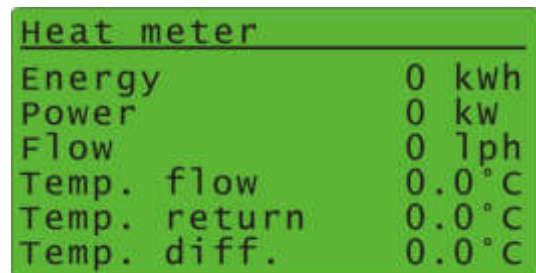
This indicates the current power output of district heating to the transfer station.



<u>Distr. heat</u>	
Main valve	0%
Max. Rt.temp.	99.0 °C
Return temp.	57.4 °C
Flow setpoint	65.0 °C
Flow temp.	65.0 °C
Power	0.0kw

##### Counter

When selecting this menu item, the heating counter data menu will open up. If a heat counter is connected and connected with the controller, all performance values at present can be read off in this menu.



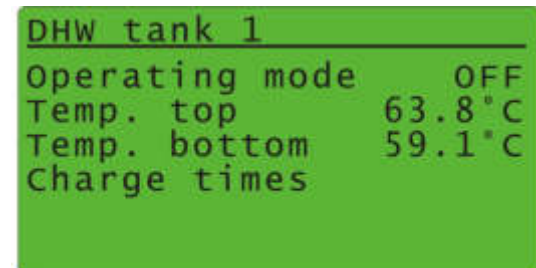
<u>Heat meter</u>	
Energy	0 kwh
Power	0 kw
Flow	0 lph
Temp. flow	0.0 °C
Temp. return	0.0 °C
Temp. diff.	0.0 °C

#### 3.3 Boiler

The warm-water boiler is used to prepare and make available the necessary heated water for usage.

##### Mode

This indicates the current operation mode of the boiler.



<u>DHW tank 1</u>	
Operating mode	OFF
Temp. top	63.8 °C
Temp. bottom	59.1 °C
Charge times	

**min. load** The boiler always carries out a minimum loading outside its loading time if the minimum temperature of the boiler has fallen below.

**Legionella charge** The boiler carries out its weekly Legionella charge.

##### Upper temperature

This indicates the current upper boiler temperature. Moreover, you can set the “required boiler temperature” and the “minimum boiler temperature” here.

## 3 Regulator Menu

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### ***Required boiler temperature (default 55°C)***

The required boiler temperature indicates which temperature (measured on the upper boiler sensor) should be selected to charge the boiler within a loading time or during a minimum temperature charge, respectively.

### ***Minimum boiler temperature (default 45°C)***

The minimum temperature shows the lower limit for the charging status of the boiler (measured on the upper boiler) and causes a subsequent charging, if the temperature has fallen below.

### ***Lower temperature***

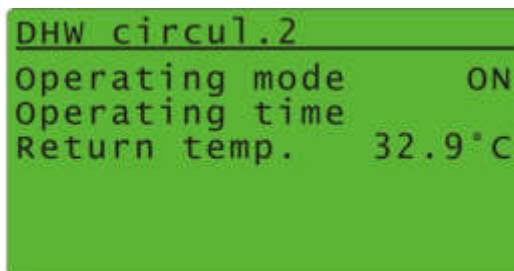
This indicates the current lower boiler temperature.

### ***Loading times***

This is to configure the loading times of the boiler.

## **3.4 Circulation**

A circulation pump is used to immediately prepare and make available the heated water in a building. For this purpose, the heated water in the warm-water boiler is continuously circulated through the water pipe. This is to prevent the water for usage from cooling off in the pipe. If there is no circulation pump, only cold water would be available to the user when turning on the tap.



DHW circul.2  
Operating mode ON  
Operating time  
Return temp. 32.9°C

### ***Mode***

This indicates, whether the circulation is in operation or not.

### ***Operation times***

The fixed operation times for the circulation pump can be set here.

### ***Return temperature***

This indicates the return temperature of the circulation to the warm-water boiler.

#### 3.5 Heating circuits

A heating circuit stands for a cycle of heated water through a heating system (such as radiators, floor heating, etc.).

**CAUTION:** If the regulator's selector switch is set to OFF/Antifreeze, boiler charging or maintenance, the selector switch of the regulator will have priority over the remote control.



##### Mode

Indicates the current operation of the heating circuit.

**AUS** Heating circuit is not active

**EIN** Heating circuit is in normal operating mode

**RESTL** Residual power → hot water is preferred, heating circuit is regulated back

**ABSENK** Heating circuit is in reduced operation

**NACHR** Warmwassernachrang → heating during boiler charging OFF

**FROSTS** Frost protection is active

**SPERRE** Lock → e.g. within restricted hours (= OFF)

**MANUELL** manual

**AUSHEIZ** Screed heating → floor drying is active

**EXTSOLL** external setpoint (= ON)

**KÜHLEN** when there is a district cooling station and the circuit is in operation.

```
H.Circuit 1
Op. Mode      Heating
Room temp.    21.2°C
Flow setpoint 45.0°C
Flow temp.    39.2°C
Heating times
```

##### Adjustment mode heating circuit

###### Selector switch

The operation mode of the regulator is applicable. However, if it is set to the heating, lowering mode or to OFF, the remote control will have priority.

###### Party mode

If the party mode has been set for the heating circuit, the heating circuit will switch to the heating mode for the period of time set for the party mode. Once this period of time has expired, the heating circuit will return to the previous operation mode.

###### Timer program

Regardless of the selector switch or remote control, the heating circuit is in heating mode during heating times, and in the lowering mode outside the heating times.

###### Heating mode

The heating circuit is continuous in the heating mode.

###### Lowering mode

The heating circuit is continuous in the lowering mode.

###### OFF/Antifreeze

No control function of the heating circuit at all, except of the antifreeze function.

### 3 Regulator Menu

#### **Required room temperature**

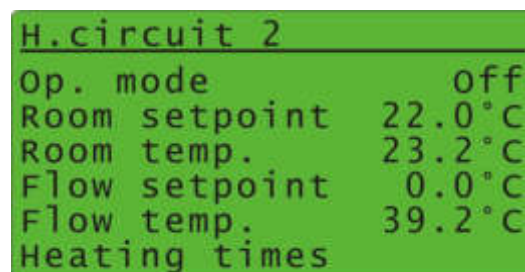
The desired required room temperature can be set here. However, the required room temperature will be visible only if a room remote control has been connected.

#### **Room temperature**

This indicates the current room temperature of the heating circuit. However, the room temperature will be visible only if a room remote control has been connected.

#### **Required temperature of initial operation**

This indicates the current required initial operation of the heating circuit. Moreover, the "switch-off temperatures" can be configured here as well.



H.circuit 2	
Op. mode	off
Room setpoint	22.0°C
Room temp.	23.2°C
Flow setpoint	0.0°C
Flow temp.	39.2°C
Heating times	

#### Switch-off temperature of day mode (default: 18°C)

If the mean value of the external temperature exceeds this value during day mode, the respective heating circuit will be switched off (heating circuit pump off, mixing valve CLOSED).

#### Switch-off temperature of lowering mode (default: 10°C)

If the mean value of the external temperature exceeds this value during lowering mode, the respective heating circuit will be switched off (heating circuit pump off, mixing valve CLOSED).

#### Actual temperature of initial operation

This indicates the actual temperature of initial operation of the respective heating circuit.

#### **Heating times/Lowering times**

The heating times or lowering times for the selected heating circuit can be defined here. The type of the times is set in the basic configuration of the regulator. Thus these terms in this menu item are called heating times or lowering times. For changes or questions, consult your district heating operator.

### **3.6 Buffer (heating boiler)**

The buffer or heating boiler is a container which is used for storing heat energy. It is used to store the energy obtained through district heating, solar system or similar in order to avoid a continuous request for heat energy.

#### **Rotational speed of pump**

This indicates the rotational speed of the buffer-charging pump.



Buffer tank	
Pump Speed	30%
Temp. Top	59.3°C
Setpoint top	65.0°C
Temp. Bottom	54.7°C
Setp. Bottom	60.0°C
Charge times	

#### **Upper temperature**

This indicates the current upper buffer temperature.

### 3 Regulator Menu

#### **Upper required temperature**

This indicates the required temperature of the buffer. It is the result of the maximum required initial operation. If this maximum required initial operation is lower than the „minimum upper buffer temperature“ this value will be used as required initial operation. This value can be configured when selecting this item.

Minimum upper buffer temperature (default: 50°C)

This indicates the upper minimum temperature of the buffer.

#### **Lower temperature**

This indicates the current lower buffer temperature.

#### **Lower required temperature**

This indicates the currently calculated lower required temperature of the buffer. The required temperature below is calculated with the maximum return of district heating minus hysteresis. The “hysteresis” can be configured when selecting this item.



Buffer tank	
Pump Speed	30%
Temp. Top	59.3 °C
Setpoint top	65.0 °C
Temp. Bottom	54.7 °C
Setp. Bottom	60.0 °C
Charge times	

Hysteresis of maximum return temperature: buffer OFF

This hysteresis is used for calculating the lower required buffer temperature. The lower required temperature of the buffer is calculated with the maximum return temperature of district heating minus this hysteresis.

#### **Buffer loading times**

The loading times of the buffer can be set here.

### **3.7 Solar**

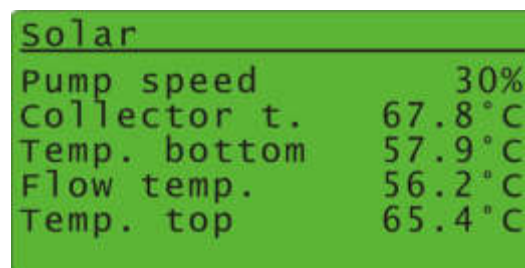
The solar pump switches on as soon as the collector temperature is higher than the buffer temperature in addition to the hysteresis.

#### **Rotational speed of pump**

This indicates the current rotational speed of the solar pump.

#### **Collector temperature**

This indicates the current temperature of the solar collector.



Solar	
Pump speed	30%
Collector t.	67.8 °C
Temp. bottom	57.9 °C
Flow temp.	56.2 °C
Temp. top	65.4 °C

#### **Lower temperature**

This indicates the current solar buffer temperature.

#### **Temperature of initial solar operation**

This value will only be visible if an additional input/output module is available. Moreover, this value will only be necessary if the solar pump is controlled through the rotational speed.

#### **Upper temperature**

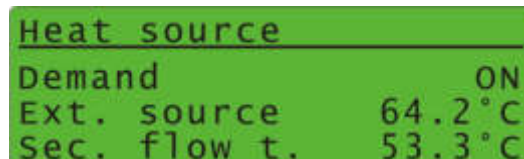
This value will only be visible if an additional input/output module is available.

### 3.8 Generator

Any additional sources of energy (e.g. boiler) are called generator. The regulator itself distinguishes between a pure switching of a requirement of a generator.

#### Switching:

An existing heat generator is equipped with a temperature sensor. If the sensor value of the generator is higher than the required initial operation in addition to the hysteresis for switching on, the regulator will switch to the external heat generator. The district heating will stop supplying after a switching. The switching off occurs if the temperature of the generator is lower than the required initial operation in addition to the hysteresis of switching off.



```
Heat source
-----
Demand                ON
Ext. source           64.2°C
Sec. flow t.         53.3°C
```

#### Requirement:

If, for a certain time, the required initial operation falls below, an existing heat generator (e.g. oil kettle) will switch on.

#### **Release**

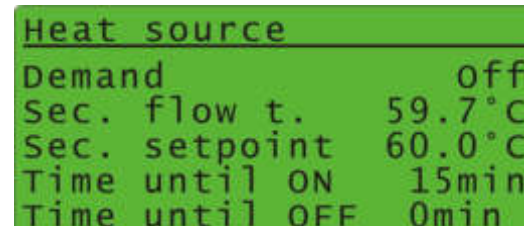
This indicates whether the external heat generator has been switched on.

#### **External energy**

This indicates the available temperature of external energy generators.

#### **Secondary required initial operation**

This indicates the current secondary required initial operation. If the item "Switching of generator" has been set here, the "hysteresis for switching on" as well as the "hysteresis for switching off" can be configured by way of confirming this item.



```
Heat source
-----
Demand                off
Sec. flow t.         59.7°C
Sec. setpoint        60.0°C
Time until ON        15min
Time until OFF       0min
```

#### Hysteresis of switching off (default: +5°C)

The heat generator will be switched on if the temperature of the external heat generator is higher than the required initial operation in addition to this hysteresis.

#### Hysteresis of switching off (default: -5°C)

If the temperature of the external heat generator is lower than the required initial operator in addition to this hysteresis, the heat generator will switch off.

#### **Secondary temperature of initial operation**

This indicates the current secondary temperature of initial operation.



## 3 Regulator Menu

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### **Time until ON**

If the required initial operation falls below for a certain period of time, the generator will switch on when required. This also shows the duration until switching on. The parameter „Switching on of Timeout“ can be configured when selecting this item.

### Switching on of Timeout:

If the required initial operation for this time span falls below, the external heat generator will be switched on.

### **Time until OFF**

This item in the menu will show the remaining duration until switching on. In this menu, the “minimum running time” of the external heat generator can be configured as well.

### Minimum running time

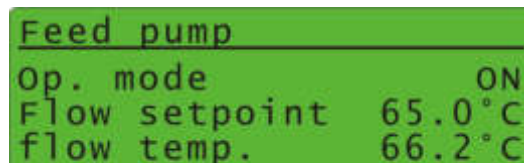
The minimum running time will allow a minimum heating time of the external heat generator. The external heat generator will operate at least for this duration, if a release has been given. The purpose of this switching is that the heat generator will need a certain time in order to supply any energy at all. Moreover, this also makes a short initializing of the heat generator unnecessary.

## **3.9 Intermediate circuit pump**

The intermediate circuit pump will switch on during the operation of a circuit. It is the pump of the main system.

### **Mode**

This indicates whether the intermediate circuit pump is activated or deactivated.



```
Feed pump
-----
Op. mode           ON
Flow setpoint     65.0°C
flow temp.        66.2°C
```

### **Secondary required initial operation**

This indicates the required secondary initial operation of the transfer station.

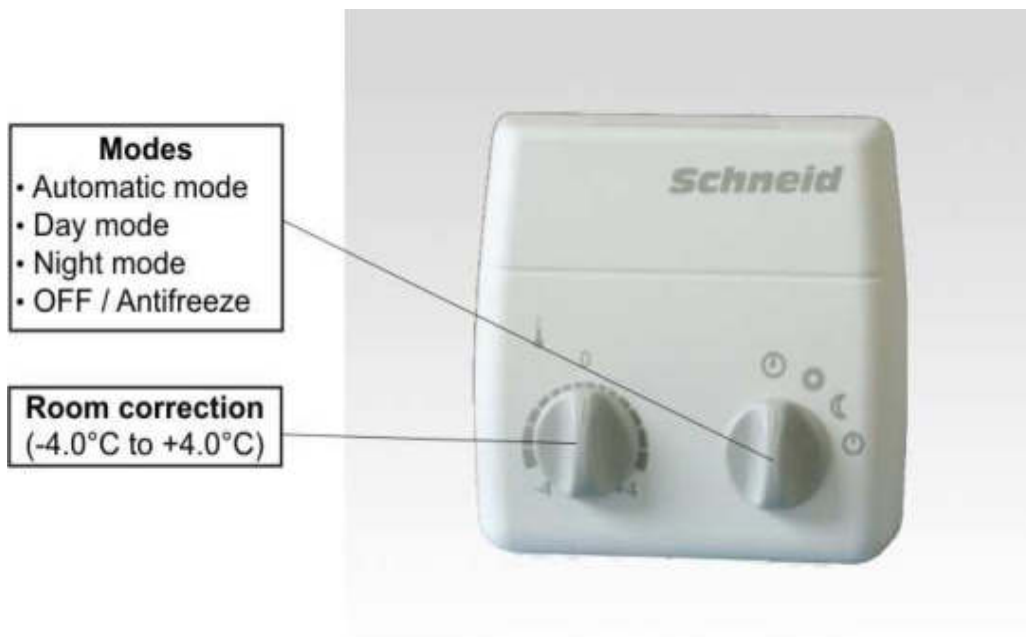
### **Temperature of secondary initial operation**

This indicates the temperature of the secondary initial operation of the transfer station. The secondary side is your home system, and the district heating on the primary part.

## 4 Room Remote Control

### 4.1 Remote Control FBR6

It is possible to provide each heating circuit with an own remote control. This remote control allows for selecting the following functions:



A priority select switch AUTOMATIC/DAY/NIGHT/OFF is provided for pre-selecting the operation mode. An adjusting control with a range of plus/minus four degrees is provided for changing the required room temperature. A room sensor is integrated in the remote control, which can be used for applying various regulating programs for heating as well as for optimizing the SCHNEID regulator.

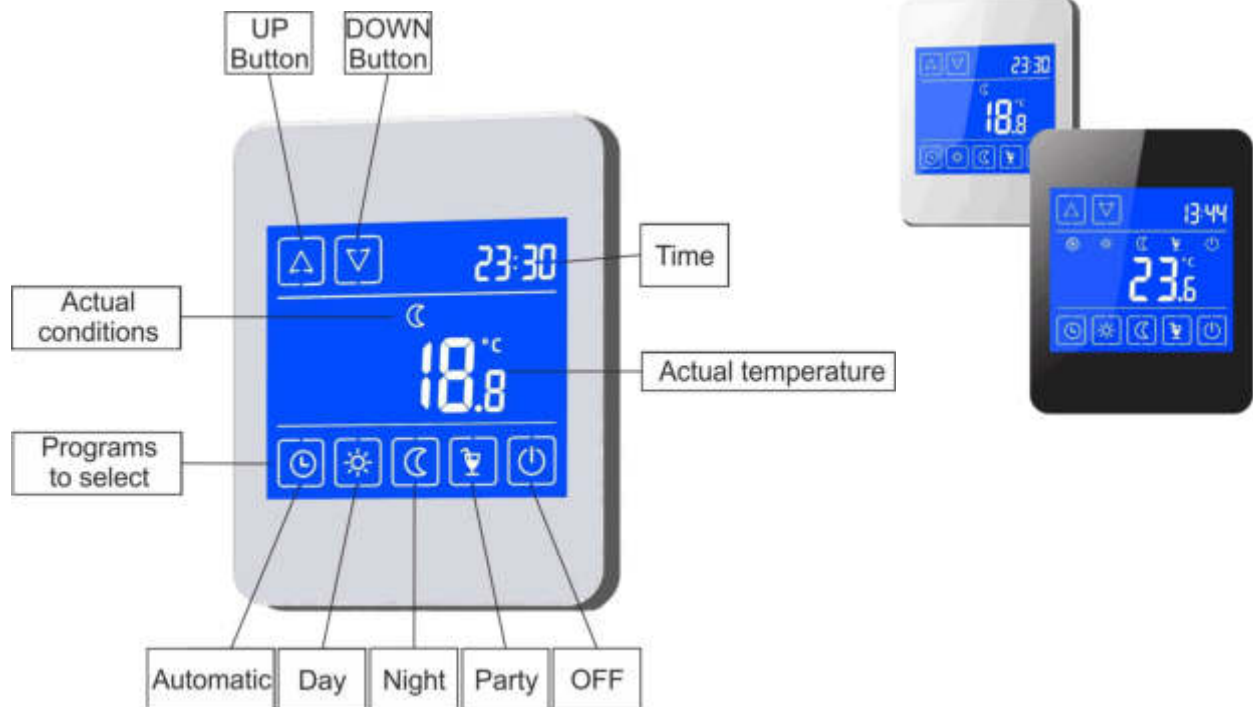
**CAUTION:**



The selector switch of the regulator will have priority over the remote control if the selector switch of the regulator is set to OFF/Antifreeze, boiler charging or maintenance.

### 4.2 Remote Control FBR7

It is possible for each heating circuit to connect a separate remote control. The following functions can be selected via the remote control:



The remote control SCHNEID-FBR7 is compatible with the **SCHNEID-Controllers of MODUL-Series MR08 with Communication-Base-Board CM08**. The touch screen control panel always shows the time, the actual room temperature and the operating status. Currently showing: Automatic/day, automatic/night, automatic on/off, or one of the 5 electoral programs, which can be set down on the display (Auto, Day, Night, Party and OFF). The two arrow buttons are used to change the current room temperature from  $-4\text{ °C}$  to  $+4\text{ °C}$ . A room sensor is installed in the remote, which can be used for the application of various heating control programs and for the optimization of the SCHNEID-controller.

#### **Communication with the remote control**

Reading possibility: actual room temperature, current time, current conditions, setpoint ( $-4.0\text{ °C}$  to  $+4.0\text{ °C}$ ), room temperature setting.

Setting option: Time (in HH: MM), current conditions (Programs to select), setpoint ( $-4.0\text{ °C}$  to  $+4.0\text{ °C}$ ), room temperature setting.



**ATTENTION:** If the controller is set to OFF / frost protection, boiler loading or maintenance, the selector switch of the controller takes precedence towards the remote control.

## 5 Internal Level

### 5.1 Entrance into the level

Hold both arrow keys pressed in this main menu until the window Service Level appears on the regulator.

```
Service menu      1
Service code
Time and date
Holiday period
Circuit names
```

### 5.2 Service code

The service code is necessary for internal work on the regulator. Your district heating operator is responsible for all information and work on this level.

### 5.3 Setting the clock time

The regulator will set the clock time automatically, whereas an automatic synchronization of the clock time will be carried out once in 24 hours, if this regulator is connected with the district heating operator via network. If this is not the case, the clock time can be set manually.

```
Time and date
Fr 07:54:32
17-06-2011
```

### 5.4 Time of absence

To set the absence time, press and hold both arrow keys in the main menu of the controller and keep them pressed until you are on the service level.

#### Time of absence FROM

During a time of absence, all heating circuits will be regulated on permanent lowering. This setting will configure the first day of the absence function starting around 00:00.

```
Absence period   P217
Holiday setback
period:

from: 01-02-2010
to: 07-02-2010
```

#### Time of absence TO

During a time of absence, all heating circuits will be regulated on permanent lowering. This setting will configure the last day of the absence function ending at 24:00.

### 5.5 Naming the circuits

The individual heating circuits can be named individually here.

```
Circuit names
1.H.circuit 0
2.H.circuit 1
3.H.circuit 2
4.H.circuit 3
```

# 6 Troubleshooting

### **6.1 Menu items cannot be opened**

Individual menu items which do not open are not accessible in your current level of authorization. For changes and questions, please consult your district heating operator.

### **6.2 No temperature display**

Please note that temperature will only be indicated if a temperature sensor is connected, and in full working condition, respectively. If any problem occurs with the sensor, please consult your district heating operator immediately.

### **6.3 Other Problems**

In case of other malfunctions, please consult your district heating operator immediately.

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# *Our services in summary*



## **Hardware**

Development at first hand



## **Project management**

Supervise and achieve your goals



## **Software**

Solve custom demands and requirements



## **Monitoring system**

The entire system at a glance



## **Quality management**

Safeguards a first-class quality



## **Support**

Your concern is our request



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